SUNDERLAND TOWN BYLAW ó excerpt: SEWER

§ 144-11. Prohibited connections. [Amended 4-28-2008 ATM, Art. 29]

No person shall make connection of roof downspouts, foundation drains, areaway drains or other sources of surface runoff or groundwater to a building sewer or building drain which, in turn, is connected, directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer. Sump or cellar pumps used for the control or relief of groundwater and/or drainage shall be hard piped to the ground surface outside the building a minimum of five (5) feet from the inner face of the building wall, and shall not be discharged to the building sewer, either directly or indirectly. § 144-12. Excavations to be guarded; restoration.

All excavations for building sewer installation shall be adequately guarded with barricades and lights so as to protect the public from hazard. Streets, sidewalks, parkways and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored in a manner satisfactory to the Board of Selectmen. § 144-13. Prohibited discharge.

- A. General prohibition. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters to any sanitary sewer.
- B. Restrictions. Stormwater and all other unpolluted drainage shall be discharged to such sewers as are specifically designated as combined sewers or storm sewers to a natural outlet approved by the Board of Selectmen. Industrial cooling water or unpolluted process waters may be discharged, on approval of the Board of Selectmen, to a storm sewer, combined sewer or natural outlet.
- C. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes to any public sewers:
- (1) Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oils or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid or gas.
- (2) Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, create a public nuisance or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant, including but not limited to cyanides in excess of two (2) milligrams per liter as CN in the wastes as discharged to the public sewer or by one (1) part per million as CN after dilution by the minimum flow in the common sewer.
- (3) Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than five point five (5.5) nor higher than nine point five (9.5) or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment and personnel of the sewage works.
- (4) Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers or other interference with the proper operation of the sewage works, such as but not limited to ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders, without prior approval of the Board of Selectmen.